UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

In the Matter of:)	
Elecmat, Inc.)	08-BIS-0006
390 Utah Street)	
San Francisco, CA 94103	ý	
Respondent.)	
)	

ORDER RELATING TO ELECMAT, INC.

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") has initiated an administrative proceeding against Elecmat, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Elecmat") pursuant to Section 766.3 of the Export Administration Regulations ("Regulations")¹ and Section 13(c) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended ("Act"),² through issuance of a charging letter to Elecmat that alleged that Elecmat committed 39 violations of the Regulations. Specifically, the charges are:

¹ The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2008). The charged violations occurred in 2003 through 2006. The Regulations governing the violations at issue are found in the 2003 through 2006 versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2003-2006)). The 2008 Regulations govern the procedural aspects of this case.

² 50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000). Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of July 23, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 43,603 (July 25, 2008)), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)).

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(d) – Conspiracy to Export Items from the United States to Taiwan without the Required License

Beginning in or about 2003 and continuing through on or about July 29, 2006, Elecmat conspired and acted in concert with others, known and unknown, to violate the Regulations and to bring about an act that constitutes a violation of the Regulations. The purpose of the conspiracy was to export items from the United States to Taiwan without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to Sections 742.2 and 742.3 of the Regulations, authorization was required from the Department of Commerce before certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items subject to the Regulations and classified under Export Control Classification Numbers ("ECCNs") 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, 1C240, and 1C350, could be exported from the United States to Taiwan. In furtherance of the conspiracy, the conspirators, including Elecmat, participated in a scheme in which a Taiwan company requested that Elecmat procure specific items from U.S. suppliers and export them to Taiwan. The Taiwan company instructed Elecmat not to tell U.S. suppliers that Elecmat would export the items. Pursuant to this instruction, Elecmat procured the items and exported them to Taiwan without the required license. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(d) of the Regulations.

Charges 2-19 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

On 18 occasions between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting items subject to the Regulations to Taiwan without the required Department of Commerce licenses. Specifically, Elecmat exported certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, classified under ECCNs 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, and 1C240, to an affiliated company in Taiwan without the Department of Commerce licenses required by Section 742.3 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed 18 violations of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charge 20 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

On one occasion on or about April 15, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting sodium fluoride, an item subject to the Regulations and classified under ECCN 1C350, to Taiwan without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.2 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charges 21-39 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(e) - Acting with Knowledge of a Violation

On 19 occasions, between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, in connection with the transactions described in Charges 2-25, above, Elecmat ordered, bought, sold, transported, and forwarded certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items that are subject to the Regulations, with knowledge that violations of the Regulations was about to occur or was intended to occur in connection with the items. Specifically, Elecmat had knowledge that these items required a license for export to Taiwan and that they were being exported without the required licenses. Elecmat had previously obtained export licenses from the Department of Commerce for exports of similar items to Taiwan, had been informed by a supplier that certain similar items could not be sold for export, had been informed by another supplier and an affiliated Taiwan company that the export of certain similar items required a license. In so doing, Elecmat committed 19 violations of Section 764.2(e) of the Regulations.

WHEREAS, BIS and Elecmat have entered into a Settlement Agreement pursuant to Section 766.18(b) of the Regulations whereby they agreed to settle this matter in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth therein, and

WHEREAS, I have approved of the terms of such Settlement Agreement;
IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

FIRST, that for a period of twenty years from the date of entry of this Order, Elecmat, Inc., 390 Utah Street, San Francisco, CA 94103, ("Elecmat"), its successors or assigns, and, when acting for or on behalf of Elecmat, its officers, representatives, agents or employees ("Denied Person(s)") may not participate, directly or indirectly, in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software, or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as "item") exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, License Exception, or export control document;

- B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or
- C. Benefiting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations.

SECOND, that no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the actions described below with respect to an item that is subject to the Regulations that has been, will be, or is intended to be exported or reexported from the United States:

- A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of a Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;
- B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by a Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby a Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;
- C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from a Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

- D. Obtain from a Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or
- E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and that is owned, possessed or controlled by a Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by a Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

THIRD, that, after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in Section 766.23 of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Electron by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be made subject to the provisions of the Order.

FOURTH, that the charging letter, amended charging letter, the Settlement Agreement, and this Order, and the record of the cases as defined by Section 766.20 of the Regulations shall be made available to the public.

FIFTH, that the Administrative Law Judge shall be notified that this case is withdrawn from adjudication.

SIXTH, that this Order shall be served on the Denied Person and on BIS, and shall be published in the *Federal Register*.

Order Elecmat, Inc. Page 6 of 6

This Order, which constitutes the final agency action in this matter, is effective immediately.

Kevin Delli-Colli

Acting Assistant Secretary for Export Enforcement

Entered this 26th day of January, 2009.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

In the Matter of:)	
)	
Elecmat, Inc.)	08-BIS-0006
390 Utah Street)	
San Francisco, CA 94103)	
)	
Respondent.)	
)	

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between Elecmat, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Elecmat") and the Bureau of Industry and Security, U. S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") (collectively referred to as "Parties"), pursuant to Section 766.18(b) of the Export Administration Regulations ("Regulations"), issued pursuant to the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended ("Act"),

WHEREAS, BIS has initiated an administrative proceeding against Elecmat pursuant to the Act and the Regulations,

¹ The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2008). The charged violations occurred in 2003 through 2006. The Regulations governing the violations at issue are found in the 2003 through 2006 versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2003-2006)). The 2008 Regulations govern the procedural aspects of this case.

² 50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000). Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of July 23, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 43,603 (July 25, 2008)), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)).

Settlement Agreement Elecmat, Inc. Page 2 of 6

WHEREAS, BIS has issued a charging letter to Elecmat that alleged that Elecmat committed 39 violations of the Regulations, specifically:

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(d) – Conspiracy to Export Items from the United States to Taiwan without the Required License

Beginning in or about 2003 and continuing through on or about July 29, 2006, Elecmat conspired and acted in concert with others, known and unknown, to violate the Regulations and to bring about an act that constitutes a violation of the Regulations. The purpose of the conspiracy was to export items from the United States to Taiwan without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to Sections 742.2 and 742.3 of the Regulations, authorization was required from the Department of Commerce before certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items subject to the Regulations and classified under Export Control Classification Numbers ("ECCNs") 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, 1C240, and 1C350, could be exported from the United States to Taiwan. In furtherance of the conspiracy, the conspirators, including Elecmat, participated in a scheme in which a Taiwan company requested that Elecmat procure specific items from U.S. suppliers and export them to Taiwan. The Taiwan company instructed Elecmat not to tell U.S. suppliers that Elecmat would export the items. Pursuant to this instruction, Elecmat procured the items and exported them to Taiwan without the required license. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(d) of the Regulations.

Charges 2-19 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

On 18 occasions between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting items subject to the Regulations to Taiwan without the required Department of Commerce licenses. Specifically, Elecmat exported certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, classified under ECCNs 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, and 1C240, to an affiliated company in Taiwan without the Department of Commerce licenses required by Section 742.3 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed 18 violations of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charge 20 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

On one occasion on or about April 15, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting sodium fluoride, an item subject to the Regulations and classified under ECCN 1C350, to Taiwan without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.2 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charges 21-39 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(e) - Acting with Knowledge of a Violation

On 19 occasions, between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, in connection with the transactions described in Charges 2-25, above, Elecmat ordered, bought, sold, transported, and forwarded certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items that are subject to the Regulations, with knowledge that violations of the Regulations was about to occur or was intended to occur in connection with the items. Specifically, Elecmat had knowledge that these items required a license for export to Taiwan and that they were being exported without the required licenses. Elecmat had previously obtained export licenses from the Department of Commerce for exports of similar items to Taiwan, had been informed by a supplier that certain similar items could not be sold for export, had been informed by another supplier and an affiliated Taiwan company that the export of certain similar items required a license. In so doing, Elecmat committed 19 violations of Section 764.2(e) of the Regulations.

WHEREAS, Elecmat has reviewed the charging letter and is aware of the allegations made against it and the administrative sanctions which could be imposed against it if the allegations are found to be true;

WHEREAS, Elecmat fully understands the terms of this Agreement and the Order ("Order") that the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement will issue if he approves this Agreement as the final resolution of this matter;

WHEREAS, Elecmat enters into this Agreement voluntarily and with full knowledge of its rights;

WHEREAS, Elecmat states that no promises or representations have been made to it other than the agreements and considerations herein expressed;

WHEREAS, Elecmat neither admits nor denies the allegations contained in the charging letter;

WHEREAS, Elecmat wishes to settle and dispose of all matters alleged in the charging letter by entering into this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, Elecmat agrees to be bound by the Order, if entered;

NOW THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

- BIS has jurisdiction over Elecmat, under the Regulations, in connection with the matters alleged in the charging letter.
- 2. The following sanctions shall be imposed against Electrat in complete settlement of the alleged violations of the Regulations relating to the transactions specifically detailed in the charging letter:
 - a. For a period of twenty years from the date of entry of the Order, Elecmat, its successors or assigns, and, when acting for or on behalf of Elecmat, its representatives, agents, or employees ("Denied Person") may not participate, directly or indirectly, in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as "item") exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, License Exception, or export control document;
 - ii. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

- iii. Benefiting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or in any other activity subject to the Regulations.
- 3. Subject to the approval of this Agreement pursuant to paragraph 8 hereof,

 Elecmat hereby waives all rights to further procedural steps in this matter (except

 with respect to any alleged violations of this Agreement or the Order, if entered),

 including, without limitation, any right to: (a) an administrative hearing regarding

 the allegations in the charging letter; (b) request a refund of any civil penalty paid

 pursuant to this Agreement and the Order, if entered; and (c) seek judicial review

 or otherwise contest the validity of this Agreement or the Order, if entered.
- 4. BIS agrees that, upon entry of the Order, it will not initiate any further administrative proceeding against Elecmat in connection with any violation of the Act or the Regulations arising out of the transactions identified in the charging letter.
- 5. BIS will make the charging letter, amended charging letter, this Agreement, the Order, if entered, and the record of the case as described in Section 766.20 of the Regulations available to the public.
- 6. This Agreement is for settlement purposes only. Therefore, if this Agreement is not accepted and the Order is not issued by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement pursuant to Section 766.18(b) of the Regulations, no Party may use this Agreement in any administrative or judicial proceeding and the Parties shall not be bound by the terms contained in this Agreement in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding.

Settlement Agreement Elecmat, Inc. Page 6 of 6

- 7. No agreement, understanding, representation or interpretation not contained in this Agreement may be used to vary or otherwise affect the terms of this Agreement or the Order, if entered, nor shall this Agreement serve to bind, constrain, or otherwise limit any action by any other agency or department of the U.S. Government with respect to the facts and circumstances addressed herein.
- 8. This Agreement shall become binding on the Parties only if the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement approves it by entering the Order, which will have the same force and effect as a decision and order issued after a full administrative hearing on the record.
- Each signatory affirms that he has authority to enter into this Settlement
 Agreement and to bind his respective party to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

John T. Masterson, Jr.

Chief Counsel

Data

ELECMAT, INC.

Li-Cheng Yeh

President

Date: 2009 - Jan, 14



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of Industry and Security

Washington, D.C. 20230

CHARGING LETTER

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Elecmat Inc. 390 Utah Street San Francisco, CA 94103

JAN 2 2 2009

Attn: Li-Cheng Yeh
President

Dear Mr. Yeh:

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS"), has reason to believe that Electrat Inc. of San Francisco, California ("Electrat") has committed 39 violations of the Export Administration Regulations (the "Regulations"), which are issued under the authority of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (the "Act"). Specifically, BIS charges that Electrat committed the following violations:

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(d) – Conspiracy to Export Items from the United States to Taiwan without the Required License

Beginning in or about 2003 and continuing through on or about July 29, 2006, Elecmat conspired and acted in concert with others, known and unknown, to violate the Regulations and to bring about an act that constitutes a violation of the Regulations. The purpose of the conspiracy was to export items from the United States to Taiwan without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to Sections 742.2 and 742.3 of the Regulations, authorization was required from the Department of Commerce before certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items subject to the Regulations and classified under Export Control Classification Numbers ("ECCNs") 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, 1C240, and 1C350, could be exported from the United States to Taiwan. In furtherance of the conspiracy, the conspirators, including

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² 50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000). Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of July 23, 2008 (73 Fed. Reg. 43,603 (July 25, 2008)), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)).

Elecmat Inc. Charging Letter Page 2 of 4

Elecmat, participated in a scheme in which a Taiwan company requested that Elecmat procure specific items from U.S. suppliers and export them to Taiwan. The Taiwan company instructed Elecmat not to tell U.S. suppliers that Elecmat would export the items. Pursuant to this instruction, Elecmat procured the items and exported them to Taiwan without the required license. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(d) of the Regulations.

Charges 2-19

15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

As described in greater detail in Schedule A, which is enclosed herewith and incorporated herein by reference, on 18 occasions between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting items subject to the Regulations to Taiwan without the required Department of Commerce licenses. Specifically, Elecmat exported certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, classified under ECCNs 1C227, 1C229, 1C231, 1C234, and 1C240, to an affiliated company in Taiwan without the Department of Commerce licenses required by Section 742.3 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed 18 violations of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charge 20

15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct by Exporting Certain Chemicals, Metals and Electronic Components Without the Required License

As described in greater detail in Schedule A, which is enclosed herewith and incorporated herein by reference, on one occasion on or about April 15, 2006, Elecmat engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting sodium fluoride, an item subject to the Regulations and classified under ECCN 1C350, to Taiwan without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.2 of the Regulations. In so doing, Elecmat committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charges 21-39 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(e) - Acting with Knowledge of a Violation

On 19 occasions, between on or about August 13, 2003 and on or about May 13, 2006, in connection with the transactions described in Charges 2-25, above, Elecmat ordered, bought, sold, transported, and forwarded certain chemicals, metals, and electronic components, items that are subject to the Regulations, with knowledge that violations of the Regulations was about to occur or was intended to occur in connection with the items. Specifically, Elecmat had knowledge that these items required a license for export to Taiwan and that they were being exported without the required licenses. Elecmat had previously obtained export licenses from the Department of Commerce for exports of similar items to Taiwan, had been informed by a supplier that certain similar items could not be sold for export, had been informed by another supplier and an affiliated Taiwan company that the export of certain similar items required a license. In so doing, Elecmat committed 19 violations of Section 764.2(e) of the Regulations.

Elecmat Inc. Charging Letter Page 3 of 4

Accordingly, Elecmat is hereby notified that an administrative proceeding is instituted against it pursuant to Section 13(c) of the Act and Part 766 of the Regulations for the purpose of obtaining an order imposing administrative sanctions, including any or all of the following:

- The maximum civil penalty allowed by law of up to the greater of \$250,000 per violation or twice the value of the transaction that is the basis of the violation;³
- Denial of export privileges; and/or
- Exclusion from practice before BIS.

If Elecmat fails to answer the charges contained in this letter within 30 days after being served with notice of issuance of this letter, that failure will be treated as a default. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.6 and 766.7. If Elecmat defaults, the Administrative Law Judge may find the charges alleged in this letter are true without a hearing or further notice to Elecmat. The Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security may then impose up to the maximum penalty for the charges in this letter.

Elecmat is further notified that it is entitled to an agency hearing on the record if it files a written demand for one with its answer. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.6. Elecmat is also entitled to be represented by counsel or other authorized representative who has power of attorney to represent it. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.3(a) and 766.4.

The Regulations provide for settlement without a hearing. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.18. Should Elecmat have a proposal to settle this case, Elecmat should transmit it to the attorney representing BIS named below.

Elecmat is further notified that under the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Flexibility Act, Elecmat may be eligible for assistance from the Office of the National Ombudsman of the Small Business Administration in this matter. To determine eligibility and get more information, please see: http://www.sba.gov/ombudsman/.

The U.S. Coast Guard is providing administrative law judge services in connection with the matters set forth in this letter. Accordingly, Elecmat's answer must be filed in accordance with the instructions in Section 766.5(a) of the Regulations with:

U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center 40 S. Gay Street Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022

In addition, a copy of Elecmat's answer must be served on BIS at the following address:

³ See International Emergency Economic Powers Enhancement Act of 2007, Pub. L. No. 110-96, 121 Stat. 1011 (2007).

Elecmat Inc. Charging Letter Page 4 of 4

> Chief Counsel for Industry and Security Attention: Thea D. R. Kendler, Esq. Room H-3839 United States Department of Commerce 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230

Thea D. R. Kendler is the attorney representing BIS in this case; any communications that Electronau may wish to have concerning this matter should occur through her. Ms. Kendler may be contacted by telephone at (202) 482-5301.

Sincerely,

Thomas Madigan

Director

Office of Export Enforcement

Elecmat Inc. Charging Letter Schedule A

Charge No(s).	Export Date	Item Description	Quantity	ECCN	Destination	Invoice	Total Value	Violations
		Bismuth Pieces, 10 cm & down, 99.99%	250 g	1C229	Taiwan		\$378.07	
2, 21	8/13/2003	Bismuth rod, 11mm dia, 99.99%	25 g	1C229	Taiwan	WB3801	75.753	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
3, 22	8/27/2003	Calcium Crystalline Dendritic Pieces	10 g	1C227	Taiwan	WB3805	\$185.40	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
4, 23	9/28/2003	Zirconium Carbide, 99.5%, Hf <200ppm	100 g	1C234	Taiwan	WB3906	\$60.30	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) & (e)
5,24	10/26/2003	Bismuth Pieces, 10 cm & down, 99.99%	250 σ	10229	Taiwan	WB3A06	620 07	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
6, 25	12/14/2003	Zirconium Sponge, .8-19mm, 99.6%	1 kg	1C234	Taiwan	WB3C05	\$198.00	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
7,26	7/28/2004	Zirconium Sponge, .8-19mm, 99.6%	2 kg	1C234	Taiwan	WH4701	\$414.00	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
8, 27	11/6/2004	Calcium Crystalline Dendritic Pieces	5 8	1C227	Taiwan	WB4B01	\$97.20	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
9, 28	4/16/2005	Calcium Crystalline Dendritic Pieces	25 kg	1C227	Taiwan	WB5404	\$494.10	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
10, 29	6/11/2005	Calcium Crystalline Dendritic Pieces	25 g	1C227	Taiwan	WB5605	\$494.10	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
		Bismuth rod, 8mm dia x 145mm thick,						
11,30	6/11/2005	Puratronic]r, 99.9999%	1 piece	1C229	Taiwan	WB5604	\$161.10	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
12, 31	8/27/2005	Bismuth foil, 2mm thick, 99.999%	1 piece	1C229	Taiwan	WB5807	\$693.90	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) & (e)

Elecmat Inc. Charging Letter Schedule A

Charge No(s).	Export Date	Item Description	Quantity	ECCN	Destination	Invoice No.	Total Value	Violations
		Bismuth rod,						
		12.7mm dia,						15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
13, 32	9/17/2005	99.999+%	100 g	1C229	Taiwan	WB5903	\$381.60	& (e)
								15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
14, 33	10/29/2005	Nickel Powder	10 kg	1C240	Taiwan	WB5A07	\$551.00	& (e)
		Hafnium wire,						
		0.5mm dia, 99.95%,						15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
15, 34	11/29/2005	Zr nominal 3%	500 cm	1C231	Taiwan	WB5B05	\$145.80	& (e)
		Hafnium pieces, 3-						
	- 5 20 1 2 2 2	12mm, 99.9%, Zr						15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
16, 35	12/3/2005	nominal 2%	50 g	1C231	Taiwan	WB5C02	\$209.70	& (e)
		Calcium Crystalline		25.839.34.4				15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
17, 36	2/3/2006	Dendritic Pieces	25 g	1C227	Taiwan	WB6202	\$540.00	& (e)
		Zirconium foil,						to a suple field
		0.025mm thick,						15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
18, 37	2/4/2006	annealed, 99.8%	3 pieces	1C234	Taiwan	WB6201	\$359.10	& (e)
		Calcium Crystalline						15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
19, 38	5/13/2006	Dendritic Pieces	15 g	1C227	Taiwan	WB6503	\$378.00	& (e)
	831 500	Sodium fluoride,					12/12/2012	15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a)
20, 39	4/15/2006	99.99%	100 g	1C350	Taiwan	WB6404	\$90.90	& (e)