ORDER RELATING TO CANBERRA ALBUQUERQUE, INC.

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") has notified Canberra Albuquerque, a subsidiary of Canberra Industries, Inc. ("Canberra"), of its intention to initiate an administrative proceeding against Canberra pursuant to Section 766.3 of the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2007)) (the "Regulations"),¹ and Section 13(c) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act"),² through issuance of a proposed charging letter to Canberra that alleged that Canberra committed two violations of the Regulations. Specifically, these charges are:

¹ The violation alleged to have been committed occurred in 2005 - 2006. The Regulations governing the violations at issue are found in the 2005 - 2006 versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2005-2006)). The 2007 Regulations establish the procedures that apply to this matter.

² Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 15, 2007 (72 Fed. Reg. 46,137 (Aug. 16, 2007)), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA").
Charge 1  15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct

On or about August 26, 2005, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard TI Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under Export Control Classification Number (ECCN) 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charge 2  15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) - Engaging in Prohibited Conduct

On or about June 30, 2006, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard TI Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under ECCN 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

WHEREAS, BIS and Canberra have entered into a Settlement Agreement pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Regulations whereby they agreed to settle this matter in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth therein, and

WHEREAS, I have approved of the terms of such Settlement Agreement;

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

FIRST, that a civil penalty of $33,000 is assessed against Canberra, which shall be paid to the U.S. Department of Commerce within 30 days from the date of entry of this Order. Payment shall be made in the manner specified in the attached instructions.

SECOND, that, pursuant to the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended (31 U.S.C. §§ 3701-3720E (2000)), the civil penalty owed under this Order accrues interest as more fully described in the attached Notice, and, if payment is not made by the due date specified herein, Canberra will be assessed, in addition to the full amount of the civil penalty and interest, a penalty charge and an administrative charge, as more fully described in the attached Notice.

THIRD, that the timely payment of the civil penalty set forth above is hereby made a condition to the granting, restoration, or continuing validity of any export license,
license exception, permission, or privilege granted, or to be granted, to Canberra. Accordingly, if Canberra should fail to pay the civil penalty in a timely manner, the undersigned may enter an Order denying all of Canberra's export privileges for a period of one year from the date of entry of this Order.

FOURTH, that the proposed charging letter, the Settlement Agreement, and this Order shall be made available to the public.

This Order, which constitutes the final agency action in this matter, is effective immediately.

Darryl W. Jackson
Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement

Entered this 8th day of November, 2007.
In the Matter of:

Canberra Albuquerque
8401 Washington Place, NE
Albuquerque, NM 87113

Respondent

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between Canberra Albuquerque, a subsidiary of Canberra Industries, Inc. ("Canberra"), and the Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") (collectively, the "Parties"), pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2007)) (the "Regulations")¹ issued pursuant to the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act")².

¹ The violations alleged to have been committed occurred between 2005 and 2006. The Regulations governing the violations at issue are found in the 2005-2006 versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2005-2006)). The 2007 Regulations establish the procedures that apply to this matter.

² Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 15, 2007 (72 Fed. Reg. 46,137 (Aug. 16, 2007)), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000) ("IEEPA")).
WHEREAS, BIS has notified Canberra of its intention to initiate an administrative proceeding against Canberra, pursuant to the Act and the Regulations;

WHEREAS, BIS has issued a proposed charging letter to Canberra that alleged that Canberra is liable for 2 violations of the Regulations, specifically:

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Engaging in Prohibited Conduct
On or about August 26, 2005, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard T1 Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under Export Control Classification Number (ECCN) 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

Charge 2 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Engaging in Prohibited Conduct
On or about June 30, 2006, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard T1 Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under ECCN 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

WHEREAS, Canberra has reviewed the proposed charging letter and is aware of the allegations made against it and the administrative sanctions which could be imposed against it if the allegations are found to be true;

WHEREAS, Canberra fully understands the terms of this Agreement and the Order ("Order") that the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement will issue if he approves this Agreement as the final resolution of this matter;

WHEREAS, Canberra enters into this Agreement voluntarily and with full knowledge of its rights;

WHEREAS, Canberra states that no promises or representations have been made to it other than the agreements and considerations herein expressed;
WHEREAS, Canberra neither admits nor denies the allegations contained in the proposed charging letter;

WHEREAS, Canberra wishes to settle and dispose of all matters alleged in the proposed charging letter by entering into this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, Canberra agrees to be bound by the Order, if entered;

NOW THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. BIS has jurisdiction over Canberra, under the Regulations, in connection with the matters alleged in the proposed charging letter.

2. The following sanction shall be imposed against Canberra in complete settlement of the alleged violations of the Regulations relating to the transactions specifically detailed in the proposed charging letter:

   a. Canberra shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of $33,000, all of which shall be paid to the U.S. Department of Commerce within 30 days from the date of entry of the Order.

   b. The timely payment of the civil penalty agreed to in paragraph 2.a is hereby made a condition to the granting, restoration, or continuing validity of any export license, permission, or privilege granted, or to be granted, to Canberra. Failure to make timely payment of the civil penalty set forth above may result in the denial of all of Canberra’s export privileges for a period of one year from the date of imposition of the penalty.

3. Subject to the approval of this Agreement pursuant to paragraph 8 hereof, Canberra hereby waives all rights to further procedural steps in this matter (except with respect to any alleged violations of this Agreement or the Order, if entered), including,
without limitation, any right to: (a) an administrative hearing regarding the allegations in any charging letter; (b) request a refund of any civil penalty paid pursuant to this Agreement and the Order, if entered; and (c) seek judicial review or otherwise contest the validity of this Agreement or the Order, if entered.

4. Upon entry of the Order and timely payment of the $33,000 civil penalty, BIS will not initiate any further administrative proceeding against Canberra in connection with any violation of the Act or the Regulations arising out of the transactions identified in the proposed charging letter.

5. BIS will make the proposed charging letter, this Agreement, and the Order, if entered, available to the public.

6. This Agreement is for settlement purposes only. Therefore, if this Agreement is not accepted and the Order is not issued by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Regulations, no Party may use this Agreement in any administrative or judicial proceeding and the Parties shall not be bound by the terms contained in this Agreement in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding.

7. No agreement, understanding, representation or interpretation not contained in this Agreement may be used to vary or otherwise affect the terms of this Agreement or the Order, if entered, nor shall this Agreement serve to bind, constrain, or otherwise limit any action by any other agency or department of the U.S. Government with respect to the facts and circumstances addressed herein.

8. This Agreement shall become binding on the Parties only if the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement approves it by entering the Order, which
will have the same force and effect as a decision and order issued after a full
administrative hearing on the record.

9. Each signatory affirms that he has authority to enter into this Settlement
Agreement and to bind his respective party to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Thomas Madigan
Acting Director
Office of Export Enforcement

Date: October 31, 2007

CANBERRA ALBUQUERQUE, INC.

John C. Tamburro
Secretary
Canberra Albuquerque, Inc.

Date: October 12, 2007
PROPOSED CHARGING LETTER

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Canberra Albuquerque
8401 Washington Place, NE
Albuquerque, NM 87113

Attn: R. Mike White
Vice President

Dear Mr. White:

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS"), has reason to believe that Canberra Albuquerque of Albuquerque, New Mexico ("Canberra") has committed two violations of the Export Administration Regulations (the "Regulations"),1 which are issued under the authority of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (the "Act").2 Specifically, BIS charges that Canberra committed the following violations:

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Engaging in Prohibited Conduct

On or about August 26, 2005, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard TI Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under Export Control Classification Number (ECCN) 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.


Canberra Albuquerque
Proposed Charging Letter
Page 2 of 3

Charge 2 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Engaging in Prohibited Conduct

On or about June 30, 2006, Canberra engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by exporting a Bullard TI Commander thermal imaging camera, classified under ECCN 6A003.b.4.b, to Germany without the Department of Commerce license required by Section 742.6 of the Regulations. In so doing, Canberra committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

* * * * *

Accordingly, Canberra is hereby notified that an administrative proceeding is instituted against it pursuant to Section 13(c) of the Act and Part 766 of the Regulations for the purpose of obtaining an order imposing administrative sanctions, including any or all of the following:

- The maximum civil penalty allowed by law of $11,000 or $50,000 per violation;
- Denial of export privileges; and/or
- Exclusion from practice before BIS.

If Canberra fails to answer the charges contained in this letter within 30 days after being served with notice of issuance of this letter, that failure will be treated as a default. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.6 and 766.7. If Canberra defaults, the Administrative Law Judge may find the charges alleged in this letter are true without a hearing or further notice to Canberra. The Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security may then impose up to the maximum penalty on each of the charges in this letter.

Canberra is further notified that it is entitled to an agency hearing on the record if it files a written demand for one with its answer. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.6. Canberra is also entitled to be represented by counsel or other authorized representative who has power of attorney to represent it. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.3(a) and 766.4.

Canberra is additionally notified that under the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Flexibility Act, it may be eligible for assistance from the Office of the National Ombudsman of the Small Business Administration in this matter. To determine eligibility and get more information, please see: http://www.sba.gov/ombudsman/.

---

The Regulations provide for settlement without a hearing. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.18. Should Canberra have a proposal to settle this case, Canberra or its representative should transmit it to the attorney representing BIS named below.

The U.S. Coast Guard is providing administrative law judge services in connection with the matters set forth in this letter. Accordingly, Canberra’s answer must be filed in accordance with the instructions in Section 766.5(a) of the Regulations with:

U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center
40 S. Gay Street
Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022

In addition, a copy of Canberra’s answer must be served on BIS at the following address:

Chief Counsel for Industry and Security
Attention: Adrienne Frazier
United States Department of Commerce
14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Room H-3839
Washington, D.C. 20230

Adrienne Frazier is the attorney representing BIS in this case; any communications that Canberra may wish to have concerning this matter should occur through her. Ms. Frazier may be contacted by telephone at (202) 482-5301, by fax at (202) 482-0085, or via email at afrazier@bis.doc.gov.

Sincerely,

Kevin Delli-Colli
Director
Office of Export Enforcement